

**CBCS SYLLABUS of B.A. Course in POLITICAL SCIENCE
SIXTH SEMESTER**

Semester	B.A Honours	BA Programme
VI Choose any one of A or B of DSE	DSC 613 India's Foreign Policy in a Globalised World DSC 614 Political Ideology DSE 603A India and Her Neighbours DSE 603B Development Process and Social Movements in Contemporary India DSE 604A Grass Root Democracy in India DSE 604B Emerging Trends in India Politics	DSE 603A Indian Political Thought DSE 603B India and Her Neighbours DSE 604A Grass Root Democracy in India DSE 604B Emerging Trends in India Politics GE 602 Feminism: Theory and Practice

B.A. HONOURS

CC 13 INDIA'S FOREIGN POLICY IN A GLOBALISED WORLD

- I. India's Foreign Policy: The Determinants and Ideological Roots. Evolution of India's Foreign Policy: From a Postcolonial State to an Aspiring Global Power
- II. India's Relations with the USA and USSR/Russia.
- III. India's Engagements with China.
- IV. India in South Asia: Debating Regional Strategies.
- V. India's Negotiating Style and Strategies: Trade, Environment and Security Regimes.
- VI. India in the Contemporary Multipolar World.

CC 14 POLITICAL IDEOLOGIES

1. LIBERALISM

Meaning and Characteristics of Liberalism

Development of Liberalism: Negative and Positive

2. THEORIES OF DEMOCRACY

Classical Liberal Theory of Democracy

Elite Theory of Democracy

Pluralist Theory of Democracy

Marxist Theory of Democracy

3. MARXISM

Marxian Interpretation of History

Marxian Theory of Social and Political Change

Theory of Revolution

4. SOCIALISM AND FASCISM

Socialism: Meaning, Features and Development

Fascism: Meaning, Features and Development

(Any one from DSE A or B)

COURSE DSE 603A

INDIA AND HER NEIGHBOURS

UNIT I INDIA AND PAKISTAN

(i) Colonial Legacies

(ii) Geographical and Strategic Importance

(iii) Demographic, Socio-Cultural Composition

(iv) Natural Resources

(v) Development, Democracy and Dictatorship

(vi) Nuclear Policy of India and Pakistan

(vii) Kashmir Question

(viii) Areas of Cooperation and Conflict

UNIT II INDIA AND BANGLADESH

(i) Colonial Legacies

(ii) Geographical and Strategic Importance

(iii) Demographic, Socio-Cultural Composition

(iv) Natural Resources

(v) Development, Democracy and Dictatorship

(vi) Refugee Problem

(vii) Ganga Water Issue

(viii) Areas of Cooperation and Conflict

UNIT III INDIA AND SRILANKA

(i) Geographical and Strategic Importance

(ii) Demographic, Socio-Cultural Composition

(iii) Natural Resources

(iv) Development and Democracy

- (v) Tamil Question
- (vi) Areas of Cooperation and Conflicts

UNIT IV INDIA AND NEPAL

- (i) Historical Relations with Nepal
- (ii) Geographical and Strategic Importance
- (iii) Demography and Socio-Cultural Composition
- (iv) Development and Democracy
- (v) Areas of Cooperation and Conflict

COURSE DSE 603B

DEVELOPMENT PROCESS AND SOCIAL MOVEMENTS IN CONTEMPORARY INDIA

I. Development Process since Independence

- a. State and planning
- b. Liberalization and reforms

II. Industrial Development Strategy and its Impact on the Social Structure

- a. Mixed economy, privatization, the impact on organized and unorganized labour
- b. Emergence of the new middle class

III. Agrarian Development Strategy and its Impact on the Social Structure

- a. Land Reforms, Green Revolution
- b. Agrarian crisis since the 1990s and its impact on farmers

IV. Social Movements

- a. Tribal, Peasant, Dalit and Women's movements
- b. Maoist challenge
- c. Civil rights movements

DSE 604A

GRASSROOT DEMOCRACY IN INDIA

1. Historical Background of Panchayati Raj Institutions (PRIs) in India after Independence
Constitutional Recognition of PRIs in India after Independence

2. GRAM PANCHAYAT

Gram Sabha

Composition and Functions of Gram Panchayat

3. PANCHAYAT SAMITI

Composition and Functions

Zila Parishad – Composition and Functions

4. Features of 73 rd & 74th Amendments

Composition and Functions of Municipal Corporation

5. Democratic Decentralisation in India: Critical Evaluation

DSE 604B

EMERGING TRENDS IN INDIAN POLITICS

1. Casteism: Meaning, Features, Impact of Caste on Indian Politics, Communalism and Secularism: Meaning, Features, Causes and Impact on Indian Politics.
Regionalism: Meaning, Causes and Features, Regional Imbalances: Indicators and Impact on Indian Politics.
2. (i) Emergence of Regional Political Parties
(ii) Regional Political Parties with Special Reference to National Conference, Akali Dal, DMK, Telugu Desham
(iii) Impact of Regional Political Parties on National Politics
- 3.(i) Coalition Politics in India
(ii) Coalition Politics in States
4. Globalization: Meaning, Features and its Effect on Indian Economy
Issues of Environment in India

B.A. PROGRAMME

(Choose either DSE A or B)

DSE 603A

Indian Political Thought

1. Ancient Indian Political Thought: Main Features– Contribution of Kautilya.
2. Medieval Political Thought: Main Features.
3. Indian Awakening and birth of Modernity: Rammohun and Syed Ahmed Khan
4. Ideas of Nationalism: Bankimchandra, Tilak and Rabindranath
5. M. K. Gandhi: ideas on State and Trusteeship.
6. Alternative trends in political ideas:
 - a) B. R. Ambedkar: on social justice.
 - b) M. N. Roy: Radical Humanism.
 - c) Narendra Deva: contributions to Socialism.

DSE 603B

India and Her Neighbours

UNIT I INDIA AND PAKISTAN

- (i) Colonial Legacies
- (ii) Geographical and Strategic Importance
- (iii) Demographic, Socio-Cultural Composition
- (iv) Natural Resources
- (v) Development, Democracy and Dictatorship
- (vi) Nuclear Policy of India and Pakistan
- (vii) Kashmir Question
- (viii) Areas of Cooperation and Conflict

UNIT II INDIA AND BANGLADESH

- (i) Colonial Legacies
- (ii) Geographical and Strategic Importance

- (iii) Demographic, Socio-Cultural Composition
- (iv) Natural Resources
- (v) Development, Democracy and Dictatorship
- (vi) Refugee Problem
- (vii) Ganga Water Issue
- (viii) Areas of Cooperation and Conflict

UNIT III INDIA AND SRILANKA

- (i) Geographical and Strategic Importance
- (ii) Demographic, Socio-Cultural Composition
- (iii) Natural Resources
- (iv) Development and Democracy
- (v) Tamil Question
- (vi) Areas of Cooperation and Conflicts

UNIT IV INDIA AND NEPAL

- (i) Historical Relations with Nepal
- (ii) Geographical and Strategic Importance
- (iii) Demography and Socio-Cultural Composition
- (iv) Development and Democracy
- (v) Areas of Cooperation and Conflict

DSE 604A

Grass Root Democracy in India

2. Historical Background of Panchayati Raj Institutions (PRIs) in India after Independence
Constitutional Recognition of PRIs in India after Independence

2. GRAM PANCHAYAT

Gram Sabha

Composition and Functions of Gram Panchayat

3. PANCHAYAT SAMITI

Composition and Functions

Zila Parishad – Composition and Functions

4. Features of 73rd & 74th Amendments

Composition and Functions of Municipal Corporation

5. Democratic Decentralisation in India: Critical Evaluation

DSE 604B

Emerging Trends in India Politics

1. Casteism: Meaning, Features, Impact of Caste on Indian Politics, Communalism and

Secularism: Meaning, Features, Causes and Impact on Indian Politics.

Regionalism: Meaning, Causes and Features, Regional Imbalances: Indicators and Impact on Indian Politics.

2. (i) Emergence of Regional Political Parties
(ii) Regional Political Parties with Special Reference to National Conference, Akali Dal, DMK, Telugu Desham
(iii) Impact of Regional Political Parties on National Politics

- 3.(i) Coalition Politics in India
(ii) Coalition Politics in States

4. Globalization: Meaning, Features and its Effect on Indian Economy
Issues of Environment in India

NOTE: GE Syllabus has been uploaded separately in SSKC Official Website